	CLASSIFICATION SPORET CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY INFORMATION REPORT		25X1 25X1
COUNTRY SUBJECT  PLACE ACQUIRED  DATE ACQUIRED  DATE ACQUIRED  DATE OF IM	Czechoslovakia  The Regional Political School of th Communist Party in Rajecke Teplice	DATE DISTR. Dec 1952  e NO. OF PAGES 3  NO. OF ENCLS. (LISTED BELOW)	25x1
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- The Regional (Krajska) Political School of the Communist Party in Rajecke Teplice is located in the Mala Fatra Hotel. A political school of this kind was established at the seat of each Region (Kraj); there are six such schools in Slovakia in the following cities: Bratislava, Zilina, Nitra, Banska Bystrica, Presov and Koslov. The purpose of the school is to build up cadres of new Party members.
- The headmaster of the school in Rajecke Teplice was Zune 1952 Dr Otton Oncak, 32 years old, height 180 centilaeters, thin, blond hair, married, and a faratical teachers' staff were:

  He lived in the Mala Fatra Hotol. The members of the 2.

Jan Folar, teacher, 35 years old, height 160 centimeters, thir, blond hair, a ranatical Communist.

Jan Stibak, teacher, 32 years old, height 170 centimeters, medium build, black hair, a fanatical Communist.

There was also another teacher on the staff and a girl secretary-typist. I do

The school had five short-term courses (each 14 days) and one long-term course of five months. In each of the short-term courses were 30 pipils, altogether 150 persons. The long-term course was attended by 56 pupils from the region of Zilina. Its members were mostly functionaries of the Communist Party including Jan Senkerik, chairman of the district organization of the Communist Party from Tuchov; and Lan Kumza, chairman of the United Agricultural Cooperative. Also attending were Zilina; 3.

Jan Milalik

Josef Kosik

Josef Krejcik

Josef Gebrlin

Jan Mibalica

Richard Gahir

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In additior, cadre officers, cultural officers and propaganda officers from the various Communist Party organizations attended the school. Among those participating in the course, there was a woman, Marie Chomove from Porubky, district Liptavsky Hradok.

- All members of the course were accommodated in the school itself and were not permitted to leave the vicinity of Rajecke Teplice during the duration of the course. They were strictly forbidden to discuss the school subject matter with anyone. The male members of the course were forbidden to maintain any relations with women. They were permitted to visit their families once a fortnight. Leave was granted only for Sunday, school on Wednesday also. The school was guarded day and night by three members of the National Security Corps (SNB). No one was permitted to approach the vicinity of
- Daily Schedule of the Course:

Reveille at C600 hours Gymmastics in the yard of the hotel from 0600 to 0630 hours. Breakfast from 0630 to 0700 hours with preparation for classes. Summary of press news from 0700 to 0800 hours.

The summary of press news was organized as follows: The pupils who had to report on the news were required to prepare their report a day in advance. This report was given onelly to all members of the source. We menont could be longer than 15 minutes given orally to all members of the course. No report could be longer than 15 minutes. After the report was given, a general discussion was introduced concerning the report itself, the form of presentation, the political significance of the report, the style of the report, the pronounciation of the reporter, the ommissions, etc. The discussion was directed by a student who was supposed to report the next day.

Lectures by the teachers from 0800 to 1030 hours Study 1030 to 1130 Lunch and free time from 1130 to 1400 hours
Study from 1400 to 1630 hours
Study in groups under the supervision of the chairman of such groups from 1630 Discussion in the presence of the teacher who lectured on the subject from 1730 Study, cultural program, or meeting of the Communist Party from 1930 to 2200 hours

Each member of the course had to pass an examination and receive a certain number of 6. points; in this way, the members were forced to study.

Subject matters taught at school were as follows:

- (a) Economics (eg what is production, material, labor, payment, labor value, six grades of human society, etc) This course was taught for two weeks, two to three
- (b) Works of Marx and Engels, their lives, history of the French Revolution of 1843: labor movement in England (Chartism, Ludism, Foneyrefts etc); the consequences of the French Revolution in the world; history of the labor movement; lst Internation al, 2nd International, Crarist Russie and her history; Russo-Japanese War.
- (c) Lenin, his life history and work.
- (d) Russian Ecvolution of 1905-1907; the Revolution of 1917; World War I; the USSR, its economic system, legal system, etc; beginnings of the Czech labor movement in Austrie-Hungary; roflexes of the Russian Revolution in the Czech Provinces in 1917.
- (e) History of the Czechoslovak Communist Party; New Constitution of Czechoslovakia; Defense and Protestion of Czechoslovakia; the Kosice Program; the Czechoslovak Army; Capitalism and Socialism; Historical Materialism; lectures on the origins of human
- The discipline in the Regional Political School was extremely strict. Some of the par-7. ticipants of the course were actively engaged in anti-religious activities. - ie, they took down crucifixes from the walls and transformed them into the Tyrs' emblem of physical course was a superior of the course were actively engaged in anti-religious activities. - ie, they took down crucifixes from the walls and transformed them into the Tyrs' emblem of physical course was the course were actively engaged in anti-religious activities. - ie, they took down crucifixes from the walls and transformed them into the Tyrs' emblem of physical course was activities. cal fitness. The woman member of the course, Marie Chomova, went to the local church, stole some flowers from the alter and desorated her room with these stolen flowers. However, this behavior caused considerable indignation among the other memoers of the course.
- The participants of the course were sent also to collect signatures for the peace offensive from among the local population. As they did not find any cooperation among the people, they tried to get signatures by various kinds of pressure. The members were active mostly in such villages where there were great numbers of so-called "reactions."

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The members of the course were primarily workers without a great deal of intelligence; however, they were all absolutely devoted to the Communist regime. They took the lectures of their teachers very seriously and always obeyed orders. They took part in oslovakia, Prague Fair, concerts, model farms of the United Agricultural Cooperatives, etc.

10. The teachers were members of the various regional councils of the Communist Party who themselves were graduated from similar political schools; they included the following:

(fnu) Perkovic; Chairman of the Regional Council of the Communist Party, the commander of the State Security Police (STB) from Zilina; the commander of the Regional Command of the National Security Corps (SNB) from Zilina; and Colonel Sani-the garrison commander from Zilina.

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ENCLOSURE (A): Map of Zilina with Legend

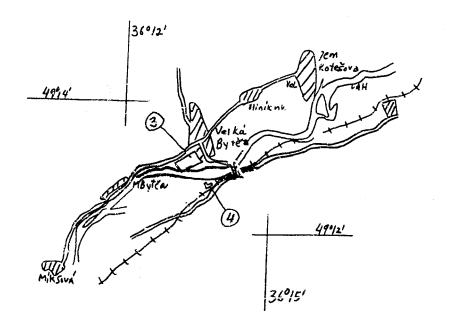
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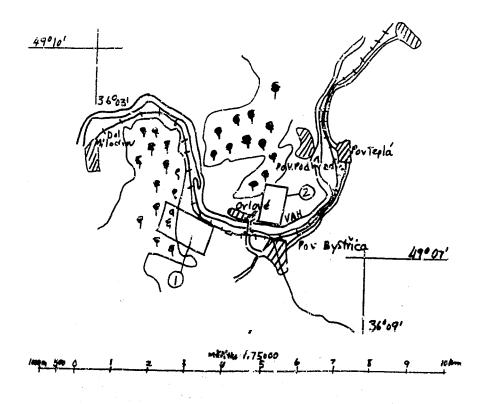
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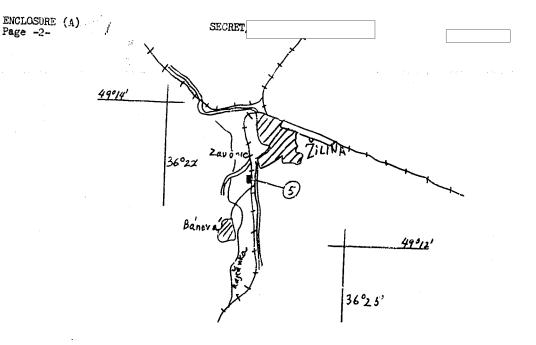
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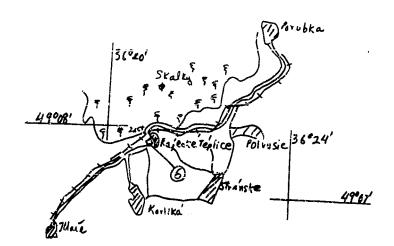
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MAP OF ZILINA WITH LEGEND









## Legend

Pavazske Strojirny (Vah Machinery Works), National Corporation, Klement Gottwald Plant in Povasske Bystrice
 Factory airfield of the Povasske Strojimny in Povasske Bystrica. The airfield is grass-covered and is 1000 x 800 meters in sise. In the summer of 1951, the construction of a new hangar was begun.
 Jessa Hachanian (Precise Machinery) plant, National Corporation in Bytca.
 Buildings of the Jessa Machanika plant.
 Stefanik barracks, built in 1941. The barracks consist of eight three-story buildings in which are accommodated an infantry regiment non-commissioned of ficers; school

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6... The Political School (Regional Political School of the Communist Party) in Rejecte

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